



It is our pleasure to share with you this report about Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development's work and achievements during the year 2016. We are grateful to note that 2016 was such a fruitful year for GHFRD with remarkable successes registered in the various areas of our work.

The year 2016 was an exciting for Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development, full of growth and evolution. We are delighted to share with you the highlights of our work in Rwenzori during the past year, with a focus on how our efforts and collaborations with our partners in the region are impacting communities for the better.

We have made significant progress towards our strategic objectives of supporting development initiatives in the region. These achievements are made through numerous initiatives within our strategic plan. We are pleased to share our achievements through the outputs and outcomes described in this report.

Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development implemented four projects in 2016,

- Community actions to prevent violence against children and adolescents
- Community actions to prevent conflicts and Human rights violations in the Rwenzori region.
- Enhancing improved cook stove use (Clean energy Access)
- Partnership for improving health service delivery and accountability in Kasese district
- Reviewed our governing policy documents

As we celebrate the end of 2016, I wish to extend my sincere appreciation to RWECO consortium members, partners, friends and well-wishers for the job well done more especially in supporting Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development's efforts in the fight against community challenges.

Years come and end, but the challenges in our communities like violence against children and women, conflicts, poverty, food insecurity; climate change related problems among others have remained endless. I appeal to all those who feel can do anything to reverse the above mentioned challenges to join Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development in 2017 and do the needful.

I acknowledge and appreciate all the support (financial, technical & material) from EU-HIVOS, Child rights and Violence prevention Fund under RWECO Consortium, WWF Country office, ICWEA and the different District Local governments in the Rwenzori region.

I thank both staff, RWECO consortium members, our donors, board and all leadership of the different local governments where Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development has operations for the supportive efforts and request for more and continued commitment as we implement our programs in 2017 and beyond.

KAMUNDU MOSES
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

This report elaborates the achievements made by Good Hope Foundation in the implementation of different projects funded by different donors. What is discussed in this report has been possible because of the support of different stakeholders, members of staff, board of directors and donors.

It is therefore pertinent that we pay tribute to all the actors for the faith and trust they have continued to have in Good Hope Foundation which gives us the impetus to sustain our key programmes mandate.

COMMUNITY ACTIONS TO PREVENT VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS

The report highlights the progress already made in the implementation of the Community led mechanisms to prevent violence against children and adolescent project in the two sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara all in Kasese district for the months of November to October, 2015/2016..

Project Description

Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development through RWECO is implementing a project on community led mechanisms to prevent violence against children and adolescents in Kasese district. The project is built on the notion that violence against children is manifested by among others, lack of economic empowerment of women who are at the center stage of; Nurturing children, information gap, domestic violence, drug abuse, transition of childhood and adulthood and also peer pressure. To address the major causes of violence against children and adolescents, Good Hope Foundation is working with the local communities, schools and local leaders as change makers.

Good Hope Foundation in its implementation also ensures that women's economic question is addressed by linking women's groups to government programs and also training women with skills necessary for making them agents of change in society. Other policy interventions like children's parliaments at district level, petitions on identified gaps of service delivery that perpetuate structural violence have also been addressed by engaging political leaders right from Local council (LC) I-V. The project is being implemented in two sub counties of Karusandara and Kisingain kasese district working with four schools of; Kisinga Vocation Secondary school and Kiburara Primary school from Kisinga Sub County and Kenyange primary school and Karusandara SDA primary school from Karusandara Sub County.

Strengthened capacity of 16 school management committees to mitigate violence against children and adolescents

Good Hope Foundation also organized three (7) sensitization meetings for the PTA and SMC including the parents meetings on dangers of violence against children in the 4 schools which included; Kiburara primary school, Kisinga Vocation Secondary school, Karusandara SDA and Kenyange primary school. The sensitization meetings wereto strengthen the capacity of school

management committees to mitigate violence against children and adolescents. The meetings focused on sensitizing the members on issues of VAC basing on the baseline report and then sharing the guidelines produced by the ministry of education on reducing violence against children in schools and also influencing the parents to participate in VAC prevention by creating a violence free environment in their respective schools. 86 people participated in the sensitization meetings (58 males and 28 females) while 300 (173 females and 127 males) parents attended the parents meetings. In general 386 (185 males and 201) participated in stakeholders meetings.



PTA and SMC meeting at Kisinga vocation ss, Kenyangemuslim and Kiburara P/S



Parents meetings in Kiburara, Kenyange and Karusandara SDA P/S

In an attempt to strengthen the child rights clubs in preventing violence against children and adolescents, Good Hope Foundation strengthened child rights clubs in the four schools in the two sub counties of our operation and this was followed with capacity building sessions for these clubs on issues of VAC. Seven (7) debate competition and one (1) MDD were organized which engaged over 1550 children (977 female and 573 males) from schools of Kiburara primary

school, Kenyange Muslim primary school and Karusandara SDA primary school under the theme: violence against children it's on increase, who is responsible and what can be done to prevent it? The theme mainly emphasizes the violence children and adolescents go through at school, community and in their homes and then suggesting some possible ways of addressing them. This was aimed at understanding the knowledge levels, perceptions, behaviors and practices that still perpetuate violence against children and design strategies to ensure violence free children. At the same time the theme was to build the capacities of children in preventing violence against children through one to one talks about violence against children, local advocacy with their parents, local leaders and teachers on how violence against children affects their lives and career aspirations and coming up with key recommendations on how violence against children should be addressed as well as stimulating knowledge levels, attitude change, behavior and practices in regard to violence against children.



Debate competitions and MDD presentations by the child rights club members

Good Hope foundation organized two (2) capacity building sessions for the teachers on prevention of violence against children and adolescents for purposes of increasing their knowledge on VAC and be in position to participate in preventing VAC. The sessions were also for purposes of training teachers on the children's Act, laws and ordinances as well as making reflection on the good practices different teachers are using to prevent VAC in their schools that can be adopted by other teachers in their respective schools. The training was attended by the teachers from four schools of our operation which include; Kisinga Vocation Secondary school, Kiburara primary school, Kenyange Muslim primary school and Karusandara SDA primary school all from Kisinga and Karusandara Sub Counties. 92 teachers; 38 females and 54 males attended the sessions. 18 copies of children's Act, constitution and the district child protection ordinance were procured and given to the schools.

Six(6) primary teachers that is; the senior woman and senior man teachers from Kiburara, Kenyange and Karusandara SDA were facilitated to participate in the teacher's learning exchange visits for purposes of increasing teacher's knowledge on how VAC is prevented in other schools in the district.



In an attempt to strengthen the capacities of children to mitigate violence against children and adolescents, Good Hope Foundation through the child to child initiatives introduced the concept of children's parliament in the four schools putting emphasis on how to organize a children's parliament and writing and presenting petitions originating from the children's parliaments. Two petitions were developed by the children of Karusandara SDA and KisingaVoc SS on failure to provide food and then on unfair operation of Mendala's bar which were presented to the sub county leadership. The four schools were also given trainings in re-usable sanitary pads through the child to child initiatives for purposes of equipping children and teachers with skills on managing health challenges which affects the girl's social lives to reduce VAC. Supported the construction of girl's wash room at Kiburara primary school.



Girls being trained in re-usable sanitary pads and children presenting their petitions to the s/c leadership

Good Hope Foundation participated in two (2) public events that advocates for the prevention of violence against children and adolescents. It joined the rest of the world to celebrate the International Labour Day on Sunday, 1st May 2016. The International Labour Day is celebrated around the world every year in recognition of all workers contributions and achievements. It joined the sub county leadership of Karusandara to celebrate the international Labor Day. The Labour Day Celebrations was held in Kanamba trading center Karusandara Sub County under the theme **‘Strengthening Uganda’s Competitiveness for Sustainable Job Creation and Inclusive Growth’**. The event was officiated by the district councilor Karusandara sub county which was attended by over 450 people (294 females and 156 males)

Good Hope Foundation also participated in the Day of African child under the theme, **“conflict and crisis in Africa: promoting all children’s rights”**. The day was to give an opportunity to reflect on causes and nature of the conflicts that have happened and therefore design appropriate strategies for lasting peace in the district. During this event Good Hope participated in the dialogue meeting on peace and it also facilitated 8 children and one senior woman teacher from Kiburara primary school to attend the event. Pupils from Kiburara primary school presented a poem on violence against children and adolescents during the event.



District convention

A district convention on children's issues captured during school debates and other forums was organized on 8th/10/2016 at Kasese multipurpose hall with the main purpose of seeking the support of district leaders in prevention of VAC and mainstreaming prevention of VAC and child protection in the planning processes.

Key objectives of the convention were; to share children's issues with the district leaders and members of the community, to sensitize members on prevention of VAC in the district and in the region and then also to document and develop action plan for prevention of VAC and child protection in the region. Over 130 people (72males and 58females) attended the convention including LCV C/Man Geoffrey Bigogosi bendire who was the chief guest, the vice chairperson Hon. Eli Magwara Masereka, secretary for production and marketing Hon. Gedeon, secretary for works Hon. Mutanaba Patrick, the principle Inspector of schools Mr. Thabugha Ernest as well as the district probation officer Mr. Sowedi who acted as the master of ceremony for the event.



Strengthening communities leaving within the school environment to respond to the prevention of violence against children

In an attempt to increase public participation in preventing violence against children in communities, Good hope Foundation identified three women groups and two youth groups from the sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara to work as change agents and these included; St.Lucy women group, Rural youth initiative for development, Karusandara HIV United women group, Kanamba Youth Action for Child right Improvement and Kanamba women group. Four (4) sensitization session for women and youth groups including local leaders on prevention of violence against children and adolescents was conducted in the two sub counties of our operation to enhance their knowledge and skills on the prevailing issues of violence against children so that they can be in position to respond to violence against children and adolescents in their respective communities. The sensitization meetings was based on the baseline report and reports from CDOs and CFPU's office on the prevailing issues of violence against children as reported in their offices. The sessions were attended by 150 members (73 males and 77 females) including the sub county chiefs, LC111, CDOs, Police, parish councilors and CBO members.



Sensitization sessions for women and youth groups including local leaders

Four(4)sub county dialogue meetings were organized in the two sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara sub county which were attended by over 186 (110 males and 76 females) people including; the subcounty technical teams, sub county leadership, religious leaders, teachers, elders/opinion leaders, representatives from the women and youth community based organizations, cultural leaders to dialogue on the findings from the baseline survey and on issues raised by the community members and the children during the engagements with the communities and schools so as to come up with key actions on preventing violence against children and adolescents.



Participants attending dialogue meetings in Kisinga and Karusandara sub county

Good hope foundation organized four (4) neighborhood assemblies which were held in Kajwenge trading center Kisinga, Kirembo trading center, Kanamba trading center and Kabaka all in Kisinga and Karusandara sub counties for purposes of jointly discussing key challenges affecting children in their respective communities ,both leaders and community members came up with local solutions. The Neighborhood assemblies were attended by various categories of people including the elected leaders, district representatives, civil servants, religious leaders, members from the media house, opinion leaders/community elders, sub county CDO, and the CFPU. Over 864 people attended the neighborhood assemblies who were first sensitized on the concept of violence against children and thereafter were engaged in a discussion to share and discuss key issues undermining children's growth in the community as cited in the clerk to council's presentation and how best they can be addressed.



The CFPU and the CDO responding to communications from the NA members

Working with community children rights activists

Good Hope Foundation identified and is working with four (4) community children's rights activist in the two sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara in preventing violence against children and adolescents and as part of its role it organized two (2) refresher sessions on the rights of children as well as on the concept of violence against children. The organization engaged the community children's rights activists to identify, and discuss the sensitive issues affecting the children in the respective sub counties, come up with work plans on following up the identified issues and Good hope facilitated the activists to follow up the identified issues.

Working with cultural and religious leaders

Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development is working with both the religious and cultural leaders as stakeholders in preventing violence against children and adolescents in Kasese district. It is working with the ObusingaBwaRwenzururu cultural institution in the district through the nyabaghole foundation. Good Hope Foundation together with the rest of RWECO members organized a meeting with the queen mother (Nyabahole) of Rwenzururu Kingdom to share and discuss how they can work together in preventing violence against children in Kasese district. RWECO together with the Nyabaghole Foundation organized a training of young girls for purposes of increasing access and utilization of sanitary pads among the young girls to illuminate challenges they go through during their menstrual periods such as absenteeism, dropping of out of sschooletc because of failure to access the pads.

Good Hope Foundation together with the Nyabaghole Foundation organized a youth camp in Buhuhira Sub County in Minana village specifically to engage the youth in the prevention of violence against children and adolescents. The camp focused on dialoging about the mechanisms of preventing violence against children in Buhuhira sub county by empowering the youth to become change agents in preventing violence against children and adolescents. Over 1000 people attended the event and among those who attended included the prime minister for ObusingaBwaRwenzururu who was the chief guest, the sub county leadership that is the C/P LC 111, CDO, district councilor, parish councilors, CFPU, religious leaders, local leaders, members from the OBR and those from the Nyabaghole foundation for development as well as the general community members.



RWECO member in a meeting with the queen mother while the Prime Minister OBR inspecting the teams during the youth Camp

Strengthening sub county children protection committees

Good Hope Foundation organized two (2) sensitization meetings for the sub county children protection committees to strengthen them on issues of prevention of violence against children and adolescents. The sensitization meetings were to strengthen the capacity of sub county children protection committees from the two sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara to be able to mitigate violence against children and adolescents. The meeting focused on sharing and discussing the concept of violence against children, issues that perpetuate violence against children in the sub counties as well as coming up with key action points that can be implemented to reduce violence against children and adolescents in the respective sub counties. 20 (6 females and 14 males) people participated in these sensitization meetings in every meeting including police, CDOs and vice chairperson LCIII.

Strengthened the capacity of 8 women's groups to engage in economic activities

In an attempt to strengthen the skills of women's groups to be able to engage in economic activities, Good hope Foundation carried out capacity assessment of women groups to work with in the two sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara. The selected women groups were trained and guided to identify viable skills and projects that can generate income for the group members. The groups assessed included; St. Lucy women group from Kisinga, Kanamba women group and Karusandara HIV/AIDS United group from Karusandara sub county. Four (4) skill training workshops for three women groups composed of 30 members each was organized which included; piggery project management, silc (savings and credit scheme), as well as handcraft specifically training them on how to make shopping bags using the local materials and how to make re-usable sanitary pads.



Skill training workshops for women groups
Supporting women groups with seed capital

Three women groups were supported with seed capital in order to boost their identified income generating projects. The groups supported included; st.lucy women group from Kisinga which was supported with 10 piglets worth 500000 to boost their piggery project and then supported with 8 rolls of shopping bags materials to boost their handcraft project. Kanamba women group from Karusandara was also supported with 8 rolls of shopping bag materials to also boost their handcraft project while Karusandara HIV United women group was supported with 500,000 shillings to boost their savings and credit scheme project.



Women groups being handed cheques as seed capital in the presence of sub county stakeholders

Good Hope Foundation organized a household competition on prevention of violence against children and adolescents among the women groups working with Good Hope. The competition was on household sanitation and hygiene. People engaged were sub county health assistant, CDOs, village health team members as well as Local council leaders who assisted in assessing the households. 60 households from the two women groups in the two sub counties of Kisinga and Karusandara were visited and assessed basing on availability of a pit latrine with a TP tap cover, kitchen gardens for nutrition, food security specifically the availability of a granary, appearance of children, school going children, safe and clean drinking water and many others. The model family declaration function was organized and three model families were selected and awarded per group in the presence of many people so as to motivate and encourage other households and community members to also actively participate in preventing violence against children and adolescents in their households



Model families being awarded by the sub county health assistant

Challenges

The budget line for some activities was too small to enable the implementer meet their intended out puts.

It must also be remembered that during the project design, we did not cater for response to VAC cases; however, requests from the public to facilitate the medical checkup for the defiled children are being registered at Good Hope Foundation.

Lesson learnt

The idea of household competition is more likely to increase community member's participation in preventing violence against children and adolescents in their respective households as every member strive to win the ward.

The idea of neighborhood watch can lead to increase in public participation in preventing violence against children and adolescents as every neighbor is concerned on the life of neighbor child.

The increased reporting is positively helping us to build a case for massive mobilization against violence against children. Inability to adequately respond to requests to facilitate the process case continuity could promote a habit of settling VAC Cases in the illegal foras.

Through increased networking, change is possible. This has been more evident in our networking with Uganda Christian lawyer's fraternity with whom we are providing legal education on the rights of children in Kisinga Sub County targeting the local council leaders, youth and women groups, religious leaders as well as the parish councilors. Networking increase knowledge among the community as the network members come in with different skills, expertise and resources directed towards preventing violence against children and adolescent

Achievement

According to the situation analysis in the project plan, slow reporting about VAC to Partner members was progressively becoming eminent. The trend is positively changing where on average, over five VAC Cases are reported at Good Hope Foundation.

Increased interface between children, community members and their local leaders in averting Violence against Children

Strengthened Children's Skills in advocating for their rights and influencing local leaders to act. Kisinga Sub county Local Government for example is in the final stages of developing a bye-law on Food and Nutrition resulting from a petition that was presented to Council by Kisinga Vocation Child rights Club members.

School management committees in our operation areas have become very sensitive to issues of preventing violence against children and adolescents in their respective schools for example midday lunch initiatives for the children have been introduced to Kiburara and Kenyangemuslim primary school. Also the management of Kiburara primary school with support from Good Hope has been able to construct a girl's wash room.

COMMUNITY ACTIONS TO PREVENT CONFLICTS AND HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN THE RWENZORI REGION

Good Hope Foundation conducted 4 quarterly grass root sensitization on peace building, conflict management and human rights by FPAs and minority groups through forum theatre, community meetings/neighborhood assemblies/community debates and the media.

We Conducted meetings with top District leaders to sensitize them about the project. We had discussions about the community action concept in conflict prevention and management, Causes of conflicts in the District, criteria we used to select sub counties of project target and how we will engage community structures. Leaders like C/P LCV, CAO, CDO, Secretary for social services and District Police Commander were targeted. The C/P LCV and secretary for social services were however represented by Secretary for works who were out of the District on official duties.

A jingle on peaceful co-existence in two local languages (Lhukonzo and Runyakitara) was composed and being run four times every day for three months on Messiah radio. Messiah radio has a listenership of over six million (6,000,000) in Western Uganda and over 500,000 listeners in Kasese District. The well packaged message helped to sensitize many citizens on peaceful co-existence that created a soft ground for implementing other project activities in the District.

Another grass root sensitization meeting targeting one hundred(100); village leaders, minority groups members, Technical and other political leaders at sub county level and religious leaders considering PWDs, PLWHA, Youths, elderly and women was conducted on 19th/07/2016 in Munkunyu sub county to pilot what was proposed in most of the sub county meetings we held as a strategy of building a strong foundation for project implementation in the different sub counties as well as creating grass root linkages for fostering peaceful co-existence sensitizations.

There is a lot of dynamics in implementing conflict prevention and management projects. The approach you plan to use may change when it comes to actual activity implementation. Different communities have different ways of addressing their problems.

Everyone in Kasese District is a potential trigger of a conflict. *“Some top leaders who would be protecting people’s property in the District are involved in land grabbing that result into conflicts. Do not under estimate any one’s role in causing conflict in Kasese District”* Narrated by one of the District leaders met.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/07/kasese-district-top-leaders-speak-out.html>

Facilitated 30 members of each of the 40 CBOs to reach out to 10 citizens who have become peaceful co-existence community promoters through MDD, interface meetings and sharing of testimonies on conflict prevention and human rights promotion.

- We conducted Five sub county Meetings on conflict prevention and peaceful co-existence as well as discussing strategies on how to build a firm ground for project implementation in the different communities. In these meetings, ethnic minority members, sub county chairpersons, ACDOs, sub county chiefs, secretary for social services and District councillors participated.
- In the meetings, we discussed and identified two competent CBOs (Youths and women led) from each of the five sub counties and followed them up for assessment. Two CBOs’ were selected in Munkunyu sub county and these are Christian mother care and Kitsutsu united youths. 71% of the participants were women and 80% of all participants were from minority communities/groups

- Interventions in conflict prevention and management are very urgent and local leaders are so much willing to cooperate with any stakeholder to address conflict triggers in Kasese District.” *I will not dare to organize any conflict resolution meeting without seeking for Good Hope’s support*” said by District councilor-Karusandarasubcounty, Hon. Godfrey Dembe.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot.ug/2016/07/plot-to-enculf-conflicts-triggers.html>

Supported ethnic minorities to conduct quarterly community meetings on conflict prevention and peaceful co-existence

Facilitated the trained FPAs to train 30 members of their CBOs each in consensus building, CAP, human rights promotion and protection

348 trained CBOs members have been capacitated to train other community members in Peaceful co-existence and human rights promotion. This has resulted into increased awareness about Conflicts prevention and management and human rights violation prevention to over 3004 citizens in the Five sub counties championed by the trained CBOs members.

Many people in communities are still illiterate and changing their attitudes needs constant awareness and being so close to them.

-People are hungry for Peace and most of them are willing to voluntarily participate in conflicts prevention and management events as well as human rights violations prevention, if their capacities are built.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot.ug/2016/09/348-peace-ambassadors-trained-and.html>

Good Hope Foundation conducted quarterly grass root sensitization on peace building, conflict management and human rights by FPAs and minority groups through forum theatre, community meetings/neighborhood assemblies/community debates and the media

Grass root sensitization has increased interface between citizens and their local leaders in averting local conflicts. Our Peace ambassadors for example reported having attended 10 local meetings organized by LCI Chairpersons in Munkunyusubcounty about Peace promotion, since the leaders’ sensitization meeting in July 2016.

-There has also been increased reporting about human rights violation by local community people to our FPAs for local settlement especially Domestic violence cases. A case in Point is KatweKabatoro Town Council where our FPAs handled 4 Domestic violence cases.

Use of Media is a faster means of passing information. Our jingles have widely been listened to and our FPAs are finding it as a supplementary mechanism for their sensitization in communities

-Involvement of local leaders in project implementation right away from start creates a sense of ownership. Munkunyu sub county leaders have always contacted us about forthcoming activities.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/07/leaders-consent-to-champion-no.html>

Good Hope Foundation Facilitated 30 members of each of the 40 CBOs to reach out to 10 citizens who have become peaceful co-existence community promoters through MDD, interface meetings and sharing of testimonies on conflict prevention and human rights promotion.

There has been increased level of boldness among Women and youths to publicly talk about alleged triggers of Conflicts in Kasese District and warn people behind the chaos. This has been witnessed through the local radio programs callers, since July, 2016 and especially from our targeted sub counties.

The community members reached and sensitized have helped a lot in contributing to the demobilization of communities against conflicts. Since July for example, we have not witnessed any violent Conflict in Kasese District.

A lot of information is wrongly/or under reported about local communities by media. There is need to invest in community journalism for evidence based reporting of genuine community issues.

-Investing enough in civic education may tremendously reduce on unlawful actions by community members. Most of them are just used by self-seekers, ignorantly.

-Police force has a lot to do in redeeming its image in communities. Stakeholders need to come in to help close the gap between Police and the civilians if people must support actions of law enforcement, championed by Police.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/09/peace-ambassadors-sensitize-3004.html>

Good Hope Foundation supported 40 CBOs conduct quarterly neighborhood assemblies on peace and human rights promotion

There has been increased understanding of local conflicts and their triggers among the local Women and youths, and local remedies suggested. Domestic Conflicts in Kibuga, Karusandara that had started showing up have for example slowly gone silent. This is an indicator of people's understanding of their conflicts and dealing with them locally.

Neighborhood assemblies can build strong grounds for local community people's participation and leadership development in their local communities' settings.

-The Community parliament leadership model is easily community owned and support local people to participate in identifying and solving their own problems effectively.

-Local Parliaments can be modeled to address both social, economic, governance and environmental challenges facing communities.

-People have a lot of un popularized silent issues due to lack of formal platforms for them to share their dissatisfactions publicly. This in away has made some people violent especially whenever they get chance to revenge or express their dissatisfactions that have been silenced for long.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/09/kibuga-residents-break-silence-about.html>

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/07/court-users-open-day-organized-at.html>

Awareness raising of the community on peaceful co-existence, respect of human rights and policies that perpetuate conflicts through IEC materials

There has been increased self-mobilization of Bakingwe as a result of the awareness of a project that has targeted them. This has make it easy for our project actions to target this minority community.

-Katwekabatoro town council has got a tribes that has been fully assimilated into other cultures, but have slowly started struggling for recognition. Struggle for recognition also sometimes may result into a conflict if not handled with a human rights lens.

-There is almost absence of inter-ethnic conflicts in KatweKabatoro town council, because people at least have what to do and earn a living from L. Edward and the salt lake. This reveals a positive relationship between poverty and conflicts.

-Economic improvement without economic education may turn into a problem to people. Some KatweKabatoro town council people for example spend most of their earnings in womanizing and alcoholism. This has contributed to increased HIV and AIDS Cases.

Conducted 12 district annual interface and dialogue meetings with police, district leaders, politicians, MPs, RDCs, state attorney, DPCs, religious leaders and cultural institutions

There has been relatively reduced political public pronouncements that could trigger conflicts in Kasese District. Politicians have become a bit silent resulting from public condemnation as reported to them in our meeting of their statements in Public that most often trigger conflicts.

- Relative increase in inter-tribal cooperation facilitated by local leaders. During our Meeting for example, Karusandara Politicians who were condemned for being sectarian, pledged to disapprove the allegation. And during the Royal visit of Omusinga to Karusandara, local leaders mobilized many people from the different ethnicities to participate who even brought several gifts to the King. This is an indicator of a building strong inter-tribal cooperation in the Sub county.
- Political seasons (Electioneering period) must be monitored very well because grounds are always fertile for conflicts and human rights abuses, engineered by Politicians.
- Some Politicians are bold enough to defend their electorates irrespective of their clandestine political parties' moves. If such Politicians are identified and engaged in community work, project impact can easily be realized.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/08/a-peaceful-kasese-launched.html>

Conducted Dialogue meeting with Cultural institution

- There has been Clear understanding of hidden issues that have for long created rifts between Police and Royal guards. The dialogue revealed salient issues and we are confident, violent conflicts will be minimized when we start addressing some of the issues with Police and Royal guards, starting with next Quarter of course in partnership with other stakeholders.
- Cultural institutions derive their pride from a peaceful society, and any stakeholder with an idea of promoting peace will always get cultural support.
- -There is a lot of dis respect and suspicion between Police officers and Royal guards of OBR which is a potential conflict trigger.
- -You can never fight culture and win the battle. People will always recognize themselves closely with their culture than Government and are ready to die for their identity.

<http://goodhopekiburara.blogspot ug/2016/09/obusinga-bwa-rwenzururu-commemorate.html>

ENHANCING IMPROVED COOKSTOVE UTILISATION IN BUKONZO EAST

Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development conducted the selection of 10 women groups in each of the sub counties of our operation, that is munkunyu ,Kisinga and Kyondo. These women groups nominated 2members for the training in improved cook stove construction that was conducted in each of the sub counties of our operation. Fifty five (55) women and five (5) men attended the trainings about improved cook stove construction.

Good Hope Foundation for Rural Development also conducted sensitization meetings of community leaders in the three sub counties. Fifty eight (58) males and one hundred eleven (111) females attended the sensitization meetings at sub county level. These sub county sensitization meetings mainly involved the sub county council members of the three sub counties that also have youth councilors and in some cases local council one chairperson attended especially in Munkunyu. Religious women groups like mothers union in some churches of Kisinga Sub County have also been engaged in cook stove construction trainings.

The message given to the public is, Good Hope Foundation has patterned with WWF in the promotion of improved cook stove use to conserve the environment. Advantages of improved cooks would be mentioned against the disadvantages of the traditional three stone stoves.

Good Hope Foundation has continuously made follow ups on the end users of the improved cook stoves who are giving us promising stories about the effectiveness of the improved cook stoves such as reduction in the amount of charcoal and firewood used per week.

ACHIEVEMENTS RECORDED

- The improved cook stove project has revived our long time community groups thus improving Good Hope Foundation visibility in the three sub counties of our operation.
- Construction of improved cook stoves has created employment and business for the community groups that we work with.
- Increased access to improved cook stoves to replace the traditional three stone stoves. Two women groups in each sub country have been given improved cook stoves to sale to the community members.
- Improved awareness on improved cook stoves in the communities. The improved cook stove project has been mainstreamed in all the three organisation projects implemented by Good Hope Foundation for Rural development.

CHALLENGES FACED

- High expectation of participants in our clean energy access activities in terms of facilitation.
- Competition from other producers of improved cook stoves who sale their products at a low price compared to what we offer to the communities. It has an effect on our improved cook stove sales.
- Failure to map the area of distribution for each partner organisation and harmonising the prices of improved cook stoves for all WWF partners. There's a lot of dumping.

OUR STRENGTH

- The strength we have is the well-established community structures or groups that we have continuously engaged in our projects.
- Other running projects where clean energy or improve cook stove use has been mainstreamed.
- Our good relationship with the different lower local governments has also made it easy to implement the improved cook stove project.



GOODHOPE FOUNDATION INCOME AND EXPENDITURE
FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31.12.2016

	EU	WWF	EACF	ICWEA	Local	Total
	HIVOS				Contribution	
Balance B/f	70,621	39,350	33,703,500		1,500,000	35,313,471
Remittances from donors	41,341,830	16,480,000	44,256,371	1,678,500		103,756,701
Total Income	41,341,830	16,519,350	77,959,871	1,678,500	1,500,000	139,070,172
Direct costs						
staff salaries	4,329,304	1,500,000	16,142,630			21,971,934
Training stake holders on conflict	1,640,000					1,640,000
Payment for office space	1,670,000					1,670,000
Conducting meetings on peace	1,050,000					1,050,000
Supporting ethenic minorities	1,500,000					1,500,000
Electricity	186,500					6,500
Internet subscription	270,000					270,000
Sensization of subcounty leaders and Radio Jingles	3,300,000					3,300,000

Procurement of T.shirts	1,860,000					1,860,000
Conducting NAS	670,000					670,000
Facilitating FPAS	8,690,000					8,690,000
Facilitating 30 CBOS	3,350,000					3,350,000
District interface meeting	2,790,000					2,790,000
Baseline survey	2,500,000					2,500,000
Dialogue meeting for peace with OBR	2,200,000					2,200,000
Office Airtime	90,000					90,000
Dismination of Baseline Findings	4,776,372					4,776,372
Utilities			1,120,000			
Transfer to RWECO CU			1,326,430			
Training of women groups			2,130,000			
Conducting NAS and working with cultural institutions			1,050,000			
Follow ups			941,900			
Consultants allowance			3,475,437			

Children's advocacy clubs			6,530,000			
Post office subscription			255,000			
Subcounty dialogues and Followups			6,335,000			
Skill training of women groups			7,101,949			
Building capacity of teachers			10,230,000			
Seed capital			4,539,000			
Rent of office space			1,951,900			
International Labour day			750,000			
Retooling children's rights activism			1,360,000			
Children's parliament			670,000			
Day of african child			970,000			
House hold competitions			1,360,000			
Meeting with cultural leaders			1,460,000			
Computer Repairs			390,000			

Training PTAS			2,600,000			
Support child to child initiatives			1,940,000			
District conventon			3,020,000			
Training women		1,390,000				
Stake holders meetings		690,000				
End user mobilisation		690,000				
Sustainability plan		2,080,000				
Reviewing policies		4,720,000				
Consultants allowance		4,500,000				
stationery		200,000				
Printing		840,000				
Construction of office block varranda					1,500,000	
District meeting				1,280,500		
Travel				130,000		
Bank Charges	278,015	104,450	85,252			467,717

GHFRD | 2016

Audit fees						2,000,000
Total expenditure	41,150,191	16,714,450	77,734,498	1,410,500	1,500,000.0	140,509,639